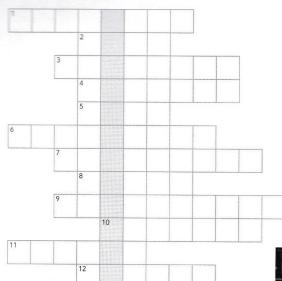
B2: Revision U3

ATTENTION: Il est vivement conseillé de revoir la matière AVANT de faire les révisions!

3. Unit 3: On the move.

3.1. Vocabulary.

Use the clues to complete the puzzle and find the two words in the shaded column.



- 1 you wait for a train here
- 2 the underground or subway in London
- 3 a road built for fast travel
- 4 bags and suitcases
- 5 the people who work on a ship, plane, etc.
- 6 a person who travels but doesn't drive
- 7 a person who works in space
- 8 a common type of public transport
- 9 a line of cars waiting to move (two words)
- 10 you travel in this, especially on a road
- 11 this takes you into space
- 12 a journey by plane





2 Tick (/) the types of transport you can use with these verbs.

	Car	Bus	Train	Plane	Spacecraft
get on	100	1	1	1	
get off					-
get into					
get out of					
board					
take off					
land					

3 Write the most appropriate word after each sentence.

	journey * travel * trip * voya	ge
1	I flew across the Atlantic from London to Boston and then took the train across four states.	
2	I sailed all the way around the world on a yacht. It took three years!	
3	I took the ferry across the Channel early yesterday morning and came back in the evening.	
4	My mum's job involves going to lots of different countries so she's always taking flights.	

VOCABULARY EXTENSION

4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of these verbs. Use a dictionary if necessary.

> drop off • get away • get in • get stuck pick up • see off • set off • stop off

- 1 I'm late. Can you _____ me ____ me at school on your way to work?
- **2** We on our journey at 5 am to avoid the traffic.
- 3 Can you _____ me ____ from the station and take me home?
- 4 The high-speed train from London to Paris leaves at 7 am and _______ at 10.30 am.
- 6 My parents came to the airport to me when I left for Amsterdam.
- 7 I need to ______ for a few days so I'm going to the coast for the weekend.

3.2. Reading.

1

2

3

4

5

R	ead the article quickly. Answer the questions.
1	What is PRT?
2	Is it more similar to public transport or private transport?
3	Will it soon be in operation in cities around the world?
	ead the article again. Complete the gaps with sentences -G. There is one extra sentence you do not need.
	This will have obvious benefits for the environment.
В	The podcars, as they are called, are self-driving.
С	
D	
Е	Light vehicles are essential to keep costs to a minimum.
F	It came into use as far back as 1970 and connects three university campuses.
G	
M	Which of the following opinions are suggested by the writer of the article? Tick (✓) the opinions. 1 PRT offers many advantages as a means of transport. 2 PRT is one of many possible ways to solve transport problems. 3 The system is too expensive to install. 4 People will only stop using cars if there is a convenient alternative. 5 Benefits for the environment are more important than the appearance of cities. atch the underlined words in the article with these efinitions. stop hoping that something will happen or change a combination or mixture start or continue happening or existing in
	many places
	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the ords from 4.
1	The government has decided to with plans to build a new motorway.
2	Snowboarding is abetween surfing and skiing.
3	Predictions indicate that flying cars will become within 20 years.
4	He the idea of travelling for a
	year because he didn't have enough money.

WILL CARS SOON BE A THING OF THE PAST?

magine a world without cars – a world with no traffic jams, no pollution and no worries about parking. This is the dream of Ollie Mikosza, the inventor of PRT, the Personal Rapid Transit system. PRT is a cross between a taxi, a bus and a cable car. It can take you door to door from your home to any building in a city without any of the inconveniences of driving or waiting for public transport. But will it work?

According to Mikosza, PRT will revolutionise the way we travel in cities. PRT is a system of individual vehicles which travel on metal structures above roads, buildings and even over water. (1) They are controlled by a computer so you simply choose your destination and the computer calculates the fastest and most direct route to get you there, avoiding any possible collisions with other vehicles on the way. (2)

PRT has all the benefits of a car and none of the inconveniences of public transport. The podcars are designed to carry only two or three passengers so you don't have to share with strangers. (3) There are no schedules or timetables because the vehicles wait at stations for passengers to arrive, instead of the other way around, and they operate 24 hours a day. It may sound futuristic, but versions of PRT are already in operation in some places in the world. The oldest and most extensive system is in Morgantown in the US. (4) Around 15,000 students use it every day to travel between university buildings and the city centre. Other cities have considered introducing the PRT system, including Auckland in New Zealand and Amritsar in India. Greenville County Economic Development in the US is meeting later in the year to decide whether or not to go ahead with plans to build a system there. It will cost about \$50 million, but the CED believes that it will succeed in reducing traffic problems where other systems have failed.

(5) The podcars are powered by electricity so there is no pollution from exhaust fumes and the vehicles are virtually silent so there is no noise pollution either. Does this mean that we will all use podcars in cities in the future? Surprisingly, in spite of the many advantages, it seems that PRT isn't going to be the norm anytime soon. One of the main drawbacks of the system, critics say, is that the metal structures used to carry the podcars are unattractive. (6)

However, Mikosza isn't going to give up on his dream. He plans to build tunnels for vehicles to travel through in areas of beauty or with particular historic interest, although these tunnels will make the system more expensive to build.

Interestingly, he also points out that more than a century passed between the invention of the first car and their widespread use. So perhaps we will see PRT in operation at some time in the future, if not in the next few years.



Grammar: part 1. 3.3.

1	Match 1-5	with a-e	to comp	lete the	rules	about	future	tenses.
	Watch 1-3	With a-e	to comp	iere me	IUICS	about	lutule	fellaca.

		e use					
	_	the present simple —	a	based o			
	2	going to for	b			noughts, opinions and expectations.	
	3	going to for predictions	c			ntentions. ssions of time, like <i>when, before, as soon</i>	as etc
	4	the present continuous will for predictions	- d e			ed plans and arrangements.	as, etc.
	5	will for predictions	е	TOT COTTI	11116	eu plans and arrangements.	
2		ecide whether each statement is an intention a prediction based on evidence (P).	(I)			nplete the sentences with the correct n of the verb given.	future
	1	My little brother is growing so quickly. He's going to be taller than me soon.	1/(N ta	lext month I(g aking the bus to school and start walking	ive up) instead.
	2	Su-Li has slowed down a lot. She's not going to win the race now.	1/		N (k	Ny brother is sleeping so le) able to ask him to help me with my ho	mework.
	3	Jonathan says he is going to give up eating chocolate in the new year.	1/		7	he plane(leave o'clock tomorrow morning, so we have to	
	4	My headache has gone now so I'm going to go out tonight after all.	1/	P 4	.	arly to get to the airport on time. can't go with you, I	
	5	What are you going to do if you don't get into university?	1/	P		asketball at 5 pm – we have a match on S SKILLS	unday.
3	Ci	rcle the correct alternative.				can you work on your mistakes to improv	/ 6?
		He is going to study maths when he <u>is going/goe</u> to university.	<u>es</u>		10W	> STUDY SKILL	
	2	Dave <i>plays/is playing</i> tennis at the leisure centre later.		(D)	GR	AMMAR CHALLENGE	
	3	I <u>meet/'m meeting</u> Rich at the space centre tomorrow.		7		ecide if the sentences below contain r meaning (M), form (F) or spelling (S).	
	4	Jack should get some new trainers		0.000,000,000,000		rrect the sentences.	
		before he <u>starts/will start</u> his athletics training.			1	I going to get fit this year.	M/F/S
					2	I will meet Peter at three o'clock to play tennis.	M/F/S
					3	Let me know as soon as you will gets home.	M/F/S
4		ck (🗸) the sentences in which <i>will</i> is used irrectly.			4	A new after-school club is begining	B. of June 120
	1	My birthday will be on a Tuesday this year.				next week.	M/F/S
	2	What will you do next weekend?	300000000000000000000000000000000000000		1000		
	3	Our flight will leave at 9.30 tomorrow morning.			5	Economists say that the economy grows next year.	M/F/S
	4	I will study law at Bristol University next year.		- Constitution of the Cons		grows next year.	
	5	I'll probably go skiing during the holidays.			4	I can see you're busy so I wan't disturb	
	6	Are you cold? I'll close the window.	Lorenza	And the second s	0	you now.	M/F/S
5		rite the incorrect sentences in 4 again using rerect future form.	the		7	It's going be dark soon. We should go home now.	M/F/S
					8	The train to Madrid is going to leave at quarter to six.	M/F/S

(play)

3.4. Vocabulary and listening.

Write these words in the correct rows. Some words may go in two or more rows. Use a dictionary to check.

appeared • booked • calculate • consider estimate • graduate • national • operate • paid pilot • populated • power • president • standard star • understood • write • zero

Prefix	Words
co-	pilot
dis-	
inter-	
mis-	
over-	
post-	
re-	
sub-	
super-	
under-	

Write a short exclamation in response to each of these statements using one of these adjectives with a prefix.

believable	• convenient • likely	possible
	responsible • usual	

- 1 I'm going to be President one day!

 That's unlikely!
- 2 My brother and his friend went on his boat without lifejackets.

That was

- 3 Look! I've got free tickets to go to see Rihanna in concert.
- 4 When I want to sleep well, I drink lots of coffee.
- 5 Our flight leaves at four o'clock in the morning.
- 6 I want to fly like a bird.

- 1 space travel
- 2 supersonic planes
- 3 underwater hotels
- 4 personalised hotel rooms
- 5 virtual travel
- 6 renting rooms



4 LISTENING © 06 Listen again and circle the correct alternative.

- 1 People will first travel to Earth's <u>low/high</u> orbit.
- 2 There are plans to build <u>sky resorts/lunar hotels</u> using a 3D printer.
- 3 The hotel in Fiji was started in/before 2009.
- 4 The hotel will <u>have rooms/be completely</u> underwater.
- **5** Hotel rooms will help with the effects of <u>long-distance/high-speed</u> travel.
- **6** Hotels in the future will offer <u>physical/virtual</u> personal trainers.
- 7 In ten years' time, more people will rent rooms in houses/apartments.

The second second			
* VO	CARILLA	BY EXTENSION	ŗ

- 5 For each definition, write a word with a prefix and use it in an example sentence.
 - 1 not approve = disapprove

My parents disapprove of my new haircut.

- 2 not sure =
- 3 not patient =
- 4 not behave =
- 5 not capable =
- 6 not well informed =
- 7 not legal =
- 8 not obey =

3.5. Grammar: part 2.

Draw lines to match the verb forms with the tenses and their uses.

Verb form	Tense	We use it to talk about
will have done	future continuous	how long an activity has been in progress before a particular point in the future
will be doing	future perfect continuous	activities in progress at a particular point in the future
will have been doing	future perfect simple	activities/states that will be finished before a particular point in the future

2 Read the sentences and circle the correct alternative.

- 1 Susannah will have arrived home by six o'clock.
 At six o'clock, Susannah will be <u>at home/travelling towards her home</u>.
- 2 Rick will be running his first marathon on 23rd March next year. Rick's first marathon will be <u>before 23rd March/during 23rd March</u>.
- 3 Harry will have been coaching our team for five years in May.

 In May, Harry will become the team coach for five years/complete five years as the team coach.

Match each pair of sentences (1–5) to a photo (a–e). Then complete the sentences with the future continuous, future perfect or future perfect continuous.

- 1 Photo:.....
- 2 Photo:

 - **b** In five years' time, she/he (become a shop manager).
- 3 Photo:
 - a In two years' time, she/he (qualify as a chef).





- 4 Photo:
 - a In two years' time, she/he (win her first big race).
 - **b** In five years' time, she/he(train for the next Olympics).
- 5 Photo:
 - a In three years' time, she/he (retire).
 - **b** In five years' time, she/he (travel around the world for six months).







GRAMMAR CHALLENGE

4 Find ten extra words in the text.

My brother is one of those people who will knows exactly where he will be and what he'll be doing at any time in the future. For example, he's going to be go to university to study medicine next year. In five years' time, he'll have been finished his course and he'll be working as a doctor. In ten years' time he'll already be getting married and living with his wife and two children. As soon as they will have enough money, they will buy a big house in the country. I know that when he retires, he will have been worked his entire life. Personally, I'm very different. I will have no idea where I'll be doing in five years' time. I hope I'll have doing a job that I will enjoy, but I don't know what that will be at the moment.

3.6. Speaking.

Look at this task. What are the two parts of the task?

Compare the photographs and say what you think about the ways of travelling on holiday.

First part:	
Second part:	

2 Look at the photos. Make notes about the similarities and differences between the two photos.

Similarities	Differences
·	





- 3 LISTENING © 07 Listen to a student doing the task. Does he do both parts of the task? Yes / No
- 4 LISTENING © 07 Complete the gaps (1–8) with these phrases. Then listen again to check.
 - but one big difference between the photos
 - whereas in the second photograph
 - In the first photograph
 - Compared with
 - while
 - Another important difference is that
 - In both pictures
 - Both photographs show

(1)	
(2)	
127	
travelling by plane, (3)	
the girl is cycling. (4)	
the people have luggage, (5)	
is that the girls have got a lot	of things with them,
the	
her bike. (7)	
first photo seem relaxed and they're starting their holiday, hard to go up a hill on her bik cycling holiday because the cobeautiful.	but the cyclist is working ke. Perhaps she's on a
I think they are both good wa Travelling by plane is fast and	comfortable. You can
travel long distances and get (8)	
can be uncomfortable, especi it's raining. But I think it can b countryside. The girl in the pic	ng, cycling is slow and it ially if the weather is hot or e a good way to see the
aren't a lot of other people ar	

exercise and getting fresh air at the same time so it's a

5 Practise doing the task in 1.

healthy way to travel.

3.7. Writing.

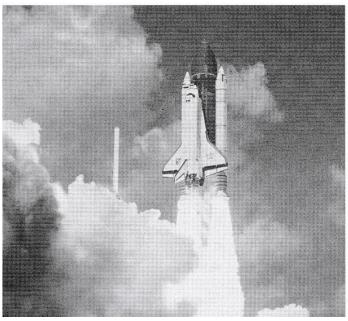
1 Read this task. Write some ideas for your story.

1 You have decided to enter a short-story competition in an international magazine. The story *must* end with the following words.

David walked out onto the launch pad towards the spacecraft, taking some last deep breaths of Earth's atmosphere. He turned, waved at the crowd, and then climbed aboard. His lifetime's dream was coming true.

- **2** Ask yourself questions about the ending. For example:
 - Who is David?
 - Why is he doing this?
 - Where is he going?
 - Is he going to return?
 - Is he happy about going?
 - When and where is this happening?
 - How did he get to this point?





Write some ideas for the beginning, middle and end of the story.

Beginning: Short section, introducing setting and

	he longes ent and sta ed.					

	n point of t launch pa					lved.

Write	your stor	y using	your no	tes.		
Write	your stor	y using	your no	tes.	17 N T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	
Write	your stor	y using	your no	tes.		10 (12) 10
Write	your stor	y using	your no	tes.		Marine E. Commission of the Co
Write	your stor	y using	your no			
Write	your stor	y using	your no	tes.		
Write	your stor	y using	your no	tes.		
Write	your stor	y using	your no	tes.		
Write	your stor		your no	tes.		No. 10 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
Write				tes.		
				tes.		
				tes.		
				tes.		

3.8. More vocabulary and grammar.

G	Prammar	Vocabulary
G	Circle the correct alternative. 1 will meet/am meeting a friend at the airport tomorrow. 2 Do you think it will rain/is raining next weekend? 3 Hurry up. The train will leave/leaves in five minutes. 4 Craig loves sci-fi so he's going to love/loving this film. 5 I'll call you as soon as I 'm getting/get home. Complete the sentences with the future continuous, future perfect or future perfect continuous form of the verbs given. 1	Complete the sentences with the correct word using a prefix and the word given. 1 It is highly
	3 Don't call me after midnight. I	
3	Choose the correct option, a, b or c. 1 As soon as I from university, I will buy a house. a will graduate b will have been graduating c graduate	2 3 4
	 2 Global warming until we change the way we live. a will have continued b will continue c continues 3 By the time the space probe returns to Earth, it millions of kilometres. a will have travelled b is going to travel c will travel 	6 7
	 4 I can't see you tomorrow because I in a concert. a will play b play c am playing 	10
	Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. Use between three and five words.	Across
	1 There's a party next week at Lucy's. HAVING Next week, Lucy	2 rooms and equipment, e.g. at a university6 a journey somewhere and back
	2 I started doing yoga three years ago. FOR I three years.	8 a course of study at university10 extra hours at work
,	Greg went home before we arrived. When we arrived, home.	11 a move to a higher level in a jobDown1 a long journey by boat
•	We'll get to the cinema after the start of the film. WILL By the time we get to the cinema, the film	 3 a talk to students at university 4 start, for example a company 5 made to leave a job
	Jane worked at the shop for three years before it closed. When the shop closed, Jane there for three years.	7 a system when you choose when to work 9 get on a ship or plane

Answers.

1. Vocabulary.

platform 2 tube 3 motorway 4 luggage 5 crew 6 passenger 7 astronaut 8 train 9 traffic jam 10 vehicle 11 rocket 12 flight Shaded words: future travel

	Car	Bus	Train	Plane	Spacecraft
get off		1	1	1	
get into	1				1
get out of	1				1
board		1	1	1	1
take off				1	1
land -				1	1

1 journey 2 voyage 3 trip 4 travel

1

1 drop, off 2 set off 3 pick, up

4 gets in 5 stop off 6 see, off

7 get away 8 get stuck

2. Reading.

1 the Personal Rapid Transit system 2 private transport 3 No, probably not.

1 B 2 C 3 G 4 F 5 A 6 D

V 4 V 5 V

1

1 give up on 2 cross 3 go ahead

4 widespread

1 go ahead 2 cross 3 widespread

4 gave up on

3. Grammar: part 1.

2 c 3 a 4 e 5 b

2

2 P 3 | 4 | 5 |

1 goes 2 is playing 3 'm meeting

4 starts

1 / 5 / 6 /

- 2 What are you going to do/are you doing next weekend?
- 3 Our flight leaves at 9.30 tomorrow morning.
- 4 I'm going to study law at Bristol University next year.

- 1 'm/am going to
- 2 won't/will not
- 3 leaves
- 4 'm/am playing

1 F | going I'm going 2 M will meet 'm meeting 3 F as soon as you will gets home as soon as you get home 4 S beginning 5 M grows will grow 6 S wan't won't 7 F going be going to be 8 M is going to leave leaves

4. Vocabulary and <u>listening</u>.

Prefix	Words
co-	operate, present, star, write
dis-	appeared
inter-	national
mis-	calculate, paid, understood, write
over-	booked, estimate, paid, populated, power, write
post-	graduate
re-	appeared, calculate, consider, paid, populated, title, write
sub-	standard, zero
super-	power, star
under-	estimate, graduate, paid, populated, write

2 That was irresponsible! 3 That's unbelievable! 4 That's unusual! 5 That's inconvenient! 6 That's impossible!

1 31 41 61 1

1 low 2 lunar hotels 3 before 4 be completely 5 long-distance 6 virtual 7 rooms in houses

Suggested answers

2 unsure - I'm unsure about what I want to do in the future. 3 impatient - Don't be impatient. Dinner will be ready soon. 4 misbehave - Children often misbehave because they want attention. 5 incapable - My four-year-old nephew is incapable of sitting still for very long. 6 misinformed - I'm afraid you've been misinformed. The museum is closed today. 7 illegal - It's illegal to ride a motorbike without a helmet. 8 disobey -You should never disobey the law.

5. Grammar: part 2.

will have done - future perfect simple activities/states that will be finished before a particular point in the future will be doing - future continuous activities in progress at a particular point in the future

will have been doing - future perfect continuous - how long an activity has been in progress before a particular point in the future 2

1 at home 2 during 23rd March

3 complete five years as the team coach

1 Photo c a will have started school b will be studying lots of different school subjects

- 2 Photo e a will still be working in a shop b will have become a shop manager
- 3 Photo a a will have qualified as a chef **b** will have been managing a restaurant for about two years
- 4 Photo d a will have won her first big

b will be training for the next Olympics

5 Photo b a will have retired b will have been/will be travelling around the world for six months

1 My brother is one of those people who will knows ... 2 For example, he's going to be go to university ... 3 In five years' time, he'll have been finished his course ... 4 In ten years' time he'll already be getting married ... 5 As soon as they will have enough money, ... 6 I know that when he retires, he will have been worked ... 7 I will have no idea ... 8 where I'll be doing in five years' time. 9 I hope I'll have doing a job 10 that I will enjoy

6. Speaking.

First part: Compare the photographs Second part: say what you think about the ways of travelling on holiday

Similarities	Differences	
people travelling on holiday they have luggage	1: travelling by plane, 2: travelling by bicycle	
with them	1: at an airport, 2: in the countryside	
	1: they have	
	big backpacks, 2: she has a small backpack	

3

Yes

1 Both photographs show 2 In the first photograph 3 whereas in the second photograph 4 In both pictures 5 but one big difference between the photos 6 while 7 Another important difference is that 8 Compared with

Writing.

Student's own answers.

8. More vocabulary and grammar.

```
Grammar
1
1 am meeting 2 will rain 3 leaves
4 going to love 5 get
1 'll have finished 2 'll have been
living 3 'll be sleeping 4 'll have been
travelling
3
1 c 2 b 3 a 4 c
4
1 is having a party 2 've been doing
yoga for 3 Greg had gone 4 will have started 5 had been working
Vocabulary
1 unlikely 2 irresponsible
3 unsuccessful 4 incomplete
5 underestimated
Across: 2 facilities 6 trip 8 degree
10 overtime 11 promotion
Down: 1 voyage 3 lecture 4 set up
5 fired 7 flexitime 9 board
```